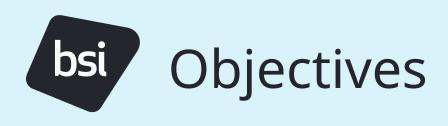


Introducing a Reliable and Verifiable Net Zero Pathway

CEP Congress 2025

Luis Filardi Head of Sustainability ANZ 2025



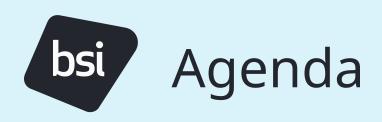


☐ To obtain an understanding of the key elements to consider when addressing Net Zero claims and commitments

☐ Discuss a clear and credible pathway on net zero accomplishment

Enhance Integrity through Independence and Impartiality



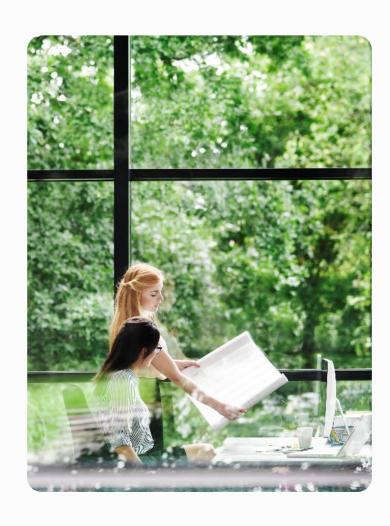


- ☐ Standards why?
- ☐ Which best practice to use?
- ☐ Case Studies
- ☐ BSI Net Zero Pathway
- □ Q&A





The power to deliver – Who is BSI?



Founded in 1901,
No shareholders

84,000 clients

250+Auditors in
Australia and New
Zealand

5,518 colleagues

Clients in **193** countries

4,800 +Clients in Australia
- New Zealand

12,200 technical experts

60,000 standards developed

2,200 + Sites Verified on Greenhouse gases emissions

Peace of Mind

Or

Complexity?





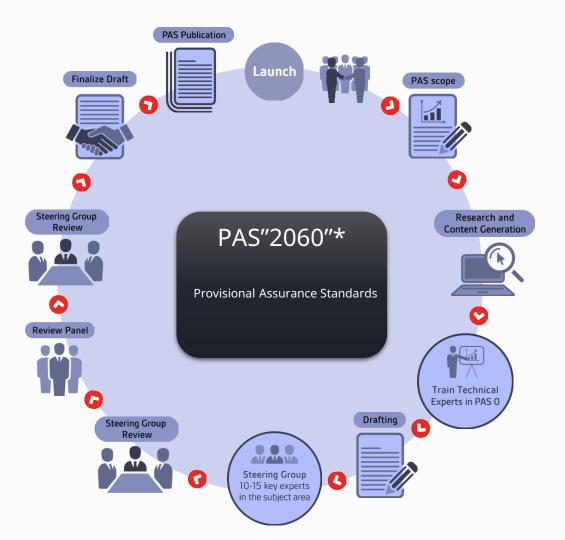
"Standards are used by a range of organisations to **enhance** their products and services, **improve** safety and quality, meet industry **best practice**, and support trade in new and existing markets."

"The ISO Net Zero Guidelines (IWA 42) were developed to provide a **unified framework** for organizations aiming to achieve net zero greenhouse gas emissions."²



1- Source: Regulations and standards :: Standards New Zealand

General Standardisation cycle



- PAS are focused on specific needs, and are alternative to national or international standardization routes,
- Principles: openness, transparency, confidentiality, consensus, relevance, verifiability and consistency
- · Several Stakeholders, locally and internationally
- 12-18 months timeframe
- Review undertaken every 2 years, usually submitted to further development
- Scalable to other standardisation processes and applicability:
 - ISO14064-8 (Carbon Neutrality) from PAS2060 (launched 2009)
 - ISO59000 Circular Economy from BS8001 (launched 2009)



BSI has developed more than 60,000 standards since its foundation

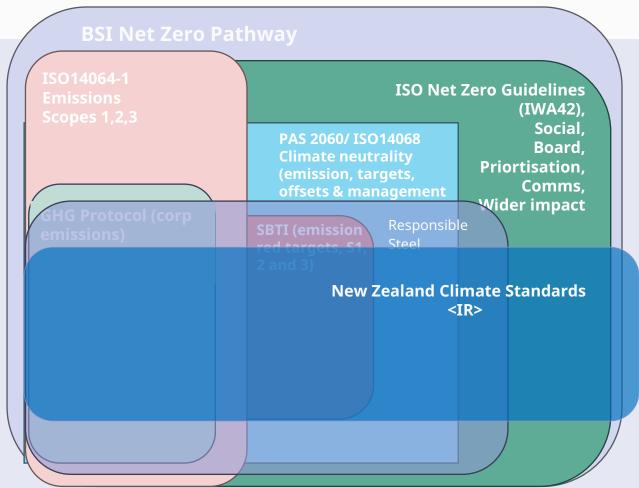


Which standards and frameworks to choose?

What's my intended use?



How complete is my pathway?

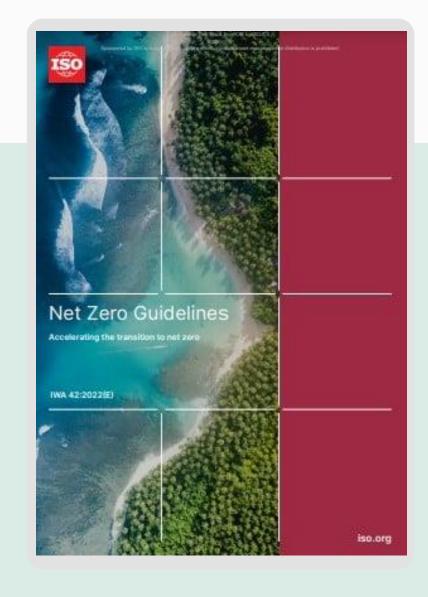


- ISO14068: SMEs emission and emission reduction projects (S1, 2 and 3), value chain, PM, QA/QC and reporting
- SBTI: SMEs emission and emission reduction projects (S1, 2 and 3), value chain (if S3), offset management
- 14064-1: emission and emission reduction activities (S1, 2 and 3), value chain QA/QC and reporting
- GHG Protocol: emission and emission reduction activities (S1, 2 and 3), value chain
- Responsible Steel Sector focused
- NZ CS series and XRB Audits
- IWA42: all above + Wider impact, NBS
- BSI Net Zero Pathway: all above, Verifiably



ISO Net Zero Guidelines (peculiarities)

- Launched at COP27 in 2022 defined net zero within the ISO system for the very first time
- Preserve or enhance ecosystems and biodiversity
- Wider impact: vulnerable communities
- Board's and Executives commitment to Net Zero in their KPIs/ bonus
- Only 5%-10% of residual emissions to be offset, through removals.
- Fair share (those with greater historical responsibility should make a proportionately greater contribution and support others to take action)







Early adoption of the ISO Net Zero Guidelines

- BSI have worked with organisations to become early adopters of the Guidelines on their road to net zero, including:
- General Motors (GM)
- Federation Internationale de l'Automobile (FIA)
- Planet Mark
- Climate Action for Associations (CAFA)
- ...more to be announced!



"-Why are we taking such a bold step towards net zero? Because we can. And we must."

- Susan Taylor Martin, CEO British Standards Institution

Alignment

Public comms on targets S1 and 2 by 90% and S3 by 42% by 2030. Re assurance, combined ISO NZ IWA42, PAS2060 and ISO14064-1

Ownership / Transformation

Carbon allowance model, linked to incentives and bonuses

New way of doing business

Quality data

Connect Climate software - while increasing data accuracy, transparency, and consistency

Global Consistency

Comparability, connectivity and data gathering processes and procedures, led by experts and deployed across regions

Engagement

Sustainability Intranet Hub: **Relevance**: Why is this important to me? **Simplicity**: What does it mean? **Action**: How can I help?

Future Focus

Reach Net Zero while focus on broader environmental and societal impacts

BSI has taken the ISO Net Zero Guidelines IWA42, PAS2060 and ISO 14068 as the framework towards a verifiable Net Zero target, while designing a new standard for the industry



BSI NET ZERO PATHWAY

A Verifiable credible way to report Net Zero commitments and claims, beyond targets

Aligns with most global standards,
 ESG and sustainability reporting regimes

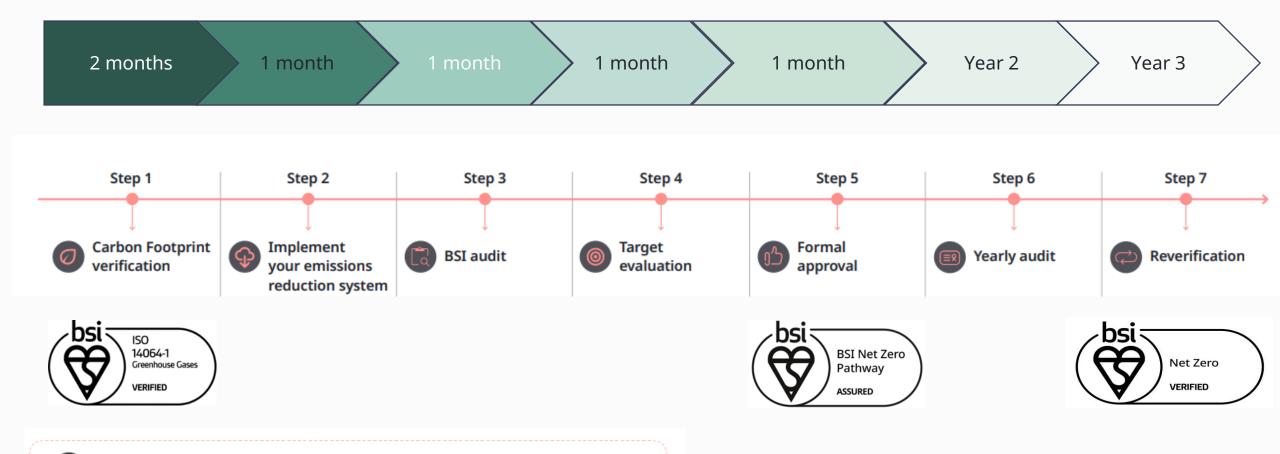




Net Zero Pathway in 7 Steps

If you are not yet ready to undertake ISO 14064-1 carbon footprint verification, you can undertake a Discovery Workshop. Our Discovery Workshops enable companies to develop an actionable plan so they can become ready to be verified to ISO 14064-1 in approx. 6-12 months depending on the size of the organisation.

Step 0 - Discovery Workshop



BSI Net Zero Pathway



About

- Accepts current local and global practices, such as Carbon Neutrality, SBTi, GHG Protocol, NZC series
- Systemic scheme not a standard, world-wide recognition
- Transparency and consistency based on formally verified data
- Provides a clear pathway for demanding investors stakeholders, regulators and value chains
- Adaptable for ISO14060 (new Net Zero verifiable standard est 2026)

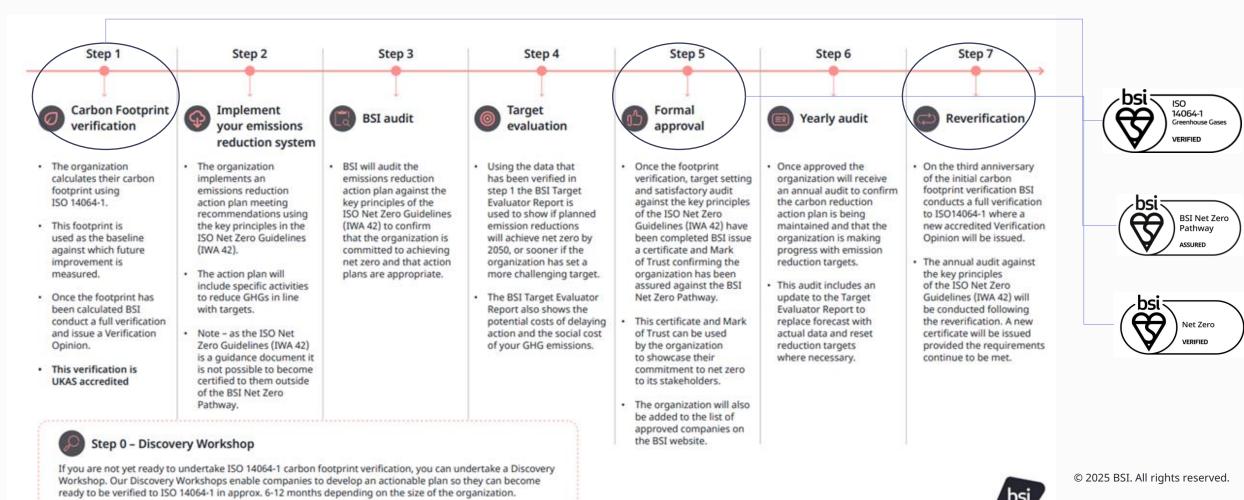
- Verifies carbon footprint, S1, 2 and brings significant accuracy for Scope 3 emissions (Value chain)
- Validates carbon reduction plans against best practice requirements
- Focuses on achieving reductions
 & NZ, not c-neutrality
- Demonstrates commitment to NZ ambitions to stakeholders
- Accomplishment of BSI Mark of Trust emphasises this





7 Steps - details

Impartial assessment, enabling a robust, credible and systemic framework on measuring, managing and reporting NZ. The institution is recognized by BSI's Mark of Trust along the way.







Consensus *

general agreement, characterized by the absence of sustained opposition to substantial issues by any important part of the concerned interests and by a process that involves seeking to take into account the views of all parties concerned and to reconcile any conflicting arguments

NOTE Consensus need not imply unanimity.





THANK YOU

Q&A

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