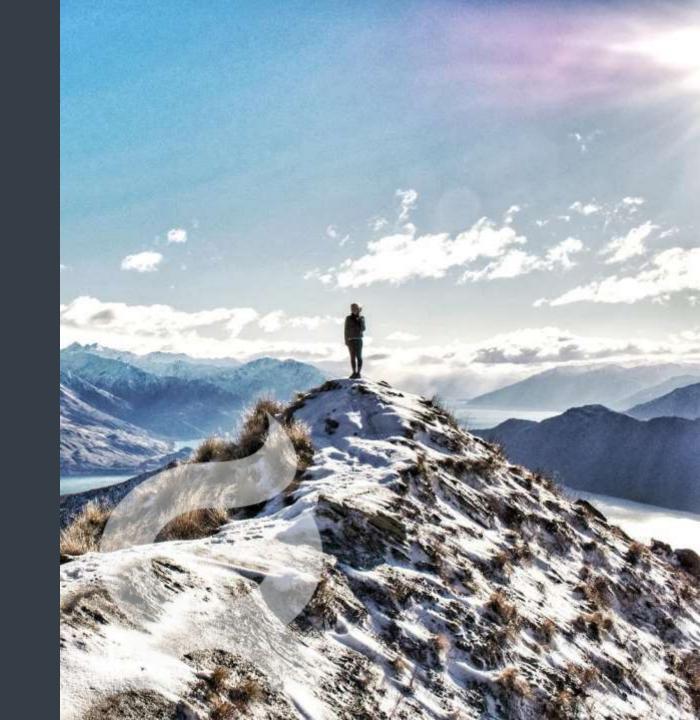
Bringing zero carbon gas to Aotearoa

> Hydrogen Feasiblity Study Firstgas Group



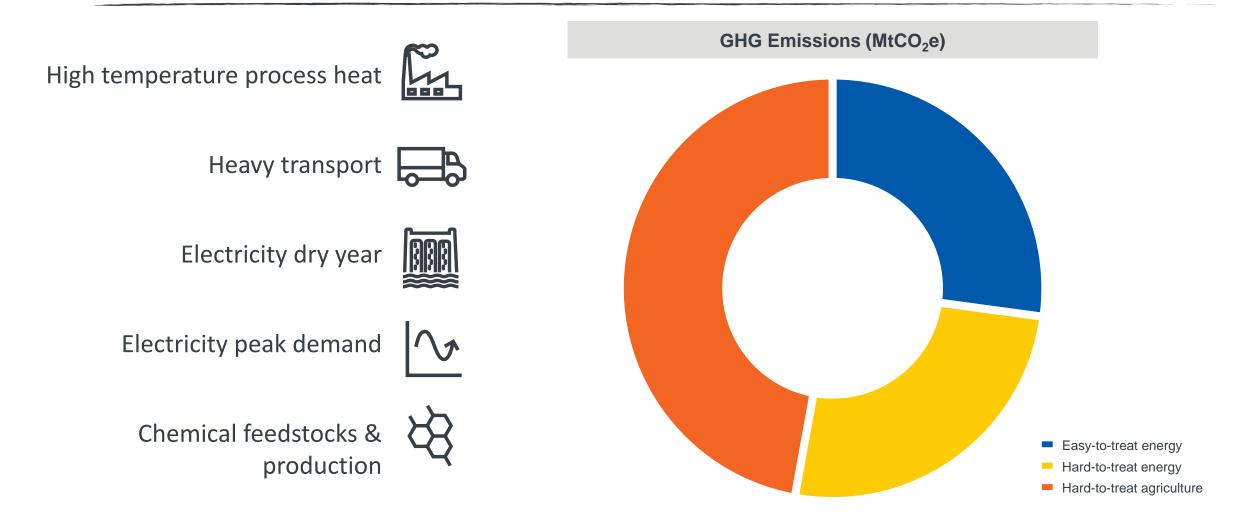
19 June 2021

## Firstgas Group



Owns and operates over 7,000 kilometres of gas pipelines NZ's largest LPG retailer, serving over 100,000 NZ customers Provides energy storage at scale through our Ahuroa Our dedicated gas infrastructure company

### NZ has emissions challenges in key sectors





Source: Gas Infrastructure Futures in a Net Zero New Zealand, Vivid Economics 2018



We have the pipeline capacity and a viable plan for converting gas networks to 100% hydrogen by 2050



There will be no need to change most appliances with a blend of up to 20% hydrogen



We can start with a 20% hydrogen blend from 2030 to 2035



Hydrogen can reduce total emissions from the energy sector by 25 per cent



We will begin work on trialling a hydrogen blend in a pipeline network that is hydrogen blend ready later this year



Significant R&D is happening internationally, and some networks are already successfully trialling blends up to 20% hydrogen

### Our study scope



Our consultants

#### elementenergy



#### About our feasibility report

- What does our hydrogen future look like?
- Is it feasible for us to convert our gas network?
- What do we need to do to make that happen?

Firstgas Group

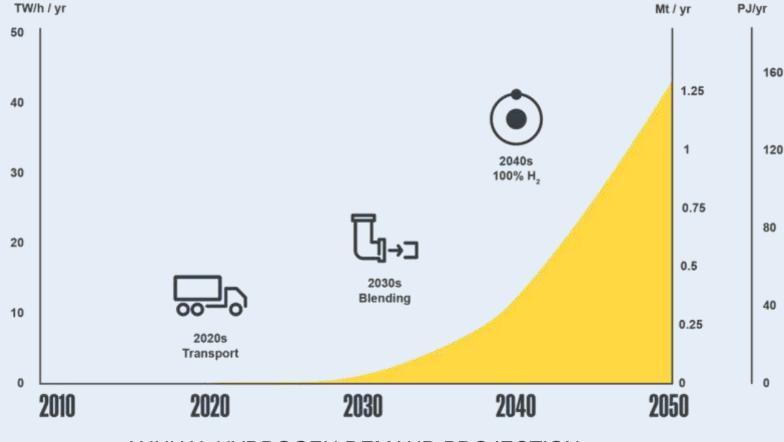


Supported by

## **Oracle Series and Ser**

### Hydrogen displaces a range of different fossil fuels:

- Heavy transport
- High temp process heat
- Industrial feedstocks
- Heating, hot water
- Electricity grid balancing

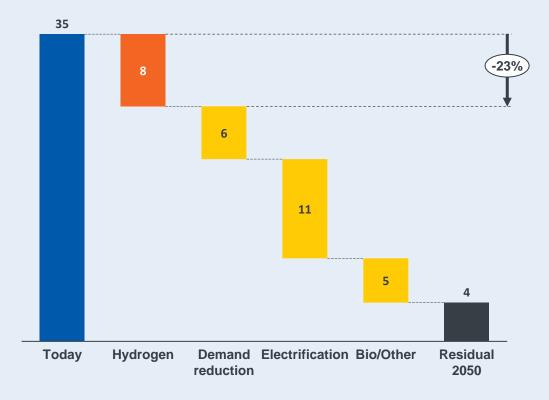


ANNUAL HYDROGEN DEMAND PROJECTION

### Hydrogen allows deeper decarbonization of energy

- Using hydrogen for high temperature process heat frees up electricity for other sectors e.g. production of steel, cement, chemicals
- Transporting hydrogen via pipelines supports hydrogen for heavy transport
- Support for a 100% renewable electricity grid:
  - Addresses intermittency of renewables
  - Reducing the need to overbuild renewable
  - Inter-seasonal and inter-year storage of energy
  - Improving the economics of renewable electricity

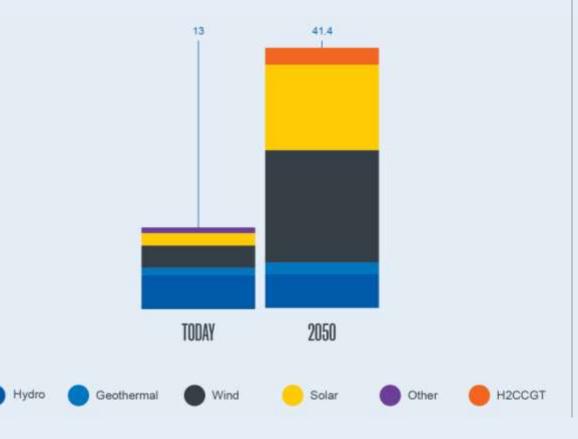
#### Energy Emissions\* (Mt CO<sub>2</sub>)



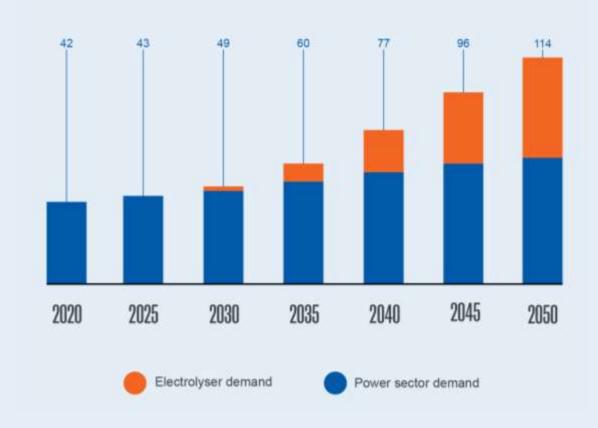
\*Excludes agricultural, land use, forestry and waste emissions

# Deep decarbonisation requires a massive generation build

**Electricity Generation Stack (GW)** 

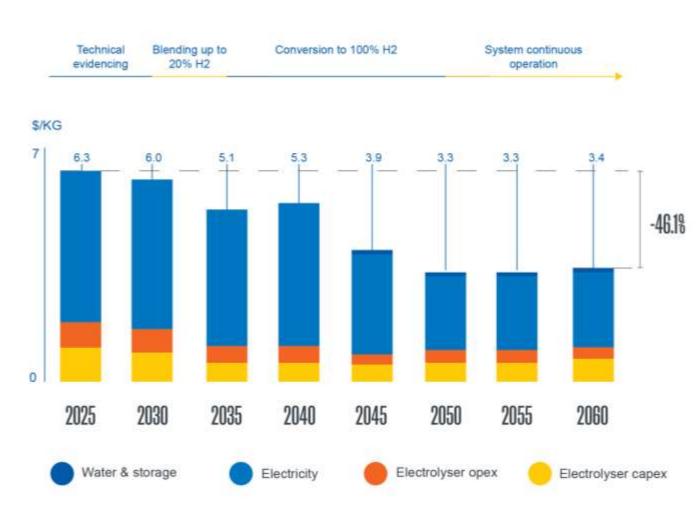


#### Annual Electricity Demand (TWh/Y)

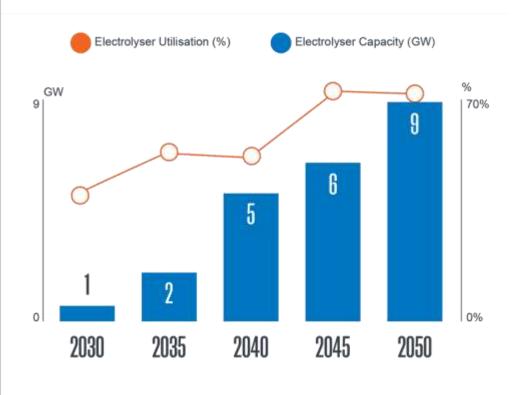




#### Hydrogen cost in NZ\$/kg



#### **Electrolyser Capacity and Utilisation**



## **Staged gas grid conversion as demand grows**



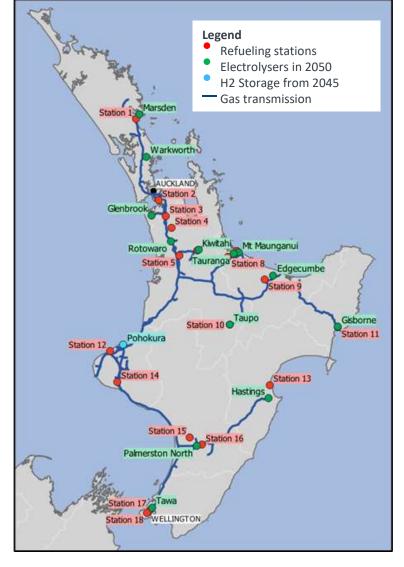
Realistic timeframe for a zero emissions gas system by 2050

Acceleration is possible to meet shorter term challenges if required

# Conversion supported by distributed hydrogen production capacity

Large scale storage in Taranaki from 2045

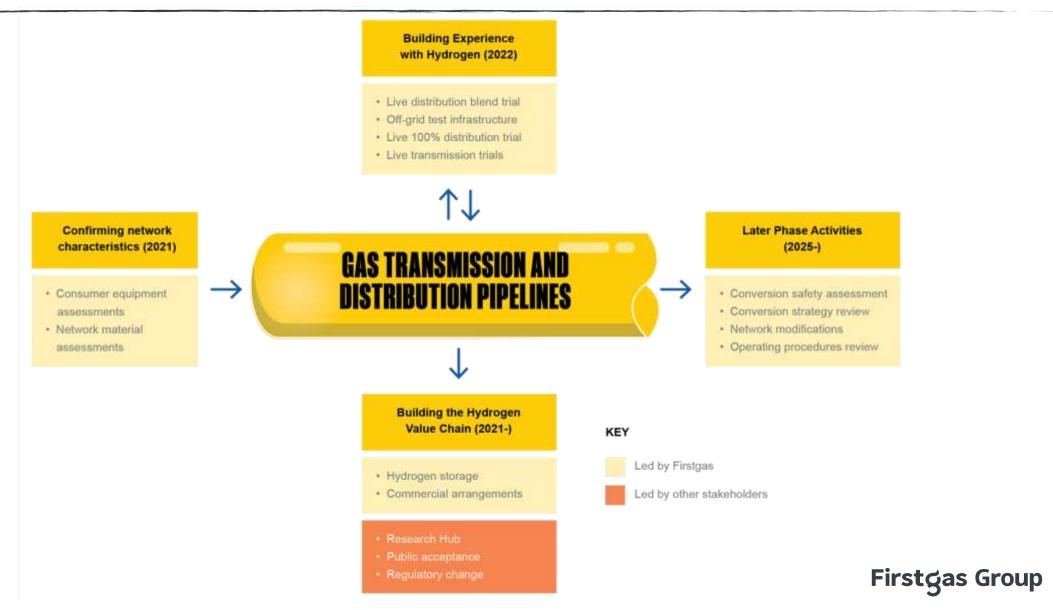




Electrolyse rs at hydrogen transport hubs

Electrolyse r buildout follows transport growth

## 🖉 What we plan to do







- Working with government to maintain momentum on NZ's hydrogen strategy
- Engaging with our ulletpartners on our research, development and demonstration programme
- Consultation and coordination with customers to ensure minimal impact as blends increase over time Firstgas Group
- Sharing the results of our



# Thank You

